Amendment to the Claims:

Before claim 1, please delete the word "Claims" and substitute the following: What is claimed is:

- 1. (Currently amended) A method of purifying contaminated oil from particles suspended there in by means of a liquid separation aid having a density larger than that of the oil and being dispersed in the contaminated oil in order to make the particles more easily separable from the oil, the method comprising
- supplying said contaminated oil and said liquid separation aid into a separation chamber of a rotating centrifugal rotor,
- separating in said separation chamber the particles and the liquid separation aid from the oil by centrifugal force,
- discharging purified oil from the separation chamber through a central light phase outlet thereof and
- discharging separated particles together with separated liquid separation aid from the separation chamber through a heavy phase outlet of the separation chamber, situated radially outside said central light phase outlet,

characterized by

- pre-charging the separation chamber, before supplying a substantial amount of contaminated oil thereinto, with a starting liquid, which is heavier than the oil and insoluble therein, in an amount such that a layer of the starting liquid forms a liquid seal in the centrifugal rotor, covering said heavy phase outlet,
- supplying thereafter said contaminated oil and said liquid separation aid into the separation chamber, and
- discharging from the separation chamber through said heavy phase out-5 Jet at least part of said starting liquid and particles together with liquid separation aid, separated from the oil.

- 2. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein characterized by using as said starting liquid an amount of said liquid separation aid is used as said starting liquid.
- 3. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein characterized in that the oil is a mineral or synthetic oil containing additives giving the oil desired properties for its intended use, the density of the oil being in the interval to about 0.85 to about 1.050,85 1,05 g/cm³ at 40°C.
- 4. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 3, wherein characterized in that the oil is a pure mineral oil having a density of abpit 0.85 to about 0.90 0,85 0,90 g/cm³ at 40 °C.
- 5. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 4, wherein characterize in that the mineral oil is one that has been used as an insulating agent in a transformer or tap changer, is free from additives, apart from necessary oxidation inhibitor, and is contaminated with very small soot particles, the separation aid being a liquid polymer.
- 6. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 3, wherein characterized in that the oil is one that has been used as a lubrication oil for Diesel engines and is contaminated with small dispersed particles, the separation aid being a liquid polymer.
- 7. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 5-or 6, wherein characterized in that the polymer is a polyhydroxy aikoxylate having a density of 1,0 1,1 g/cm³ at 40 °C.